Assessing Classroom Technology Use for 21st Century Skills: A Research-Based Rubric



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Talk Outline

- Program Overview
- Research study
- Tools
- Next Steps

Scaling Up Classroom Coaching for Impactful Technology Use

Results from Year 2 of the Dynamic Learning Project



Mahsa Bakhshaei, Angela Hardy, Jason Ravitz, and John Seylar







Program Overview



The Dynamic Learning Project (DLP) - Now under Google Certified Coach Program

• 3 year pilot (2017-2020)

Digital Promise

- Mission: improve educational equity by empowering teachers to leverage technology in meaningful ways
- Robust instructional technology coaching program, including research into effectiveness of coaching

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Scaling Up Classroom Coaching for Impactful Technology Use

Results from Year 2 of the Dynamic Learning Project



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Dynamic Learning Project (DLP)

Intensive coaching program

Ran for 3 years

Three tools

- Short-Cycle Feedback
- Long-Cycle Feedback
- Impactful Technology Use Rubric

Impactful Technology Use (building 6 skills)

- Student agency
- Selection of relevant tech tools
- Critical thinking
- Collaboration
- Communication
- Creativity

Explicit link between skills and technology use

- National Education Association, 2012
- Framework for 21st century skills, 2012

Impactful Technology Use (ITU) Framework

Scaling Up Classroom Coaching for Impactful Technology Use Results from Year 2 of the Dynamic Learning Project





Students use technology to develop COLLABORATION skills

Students SELECT RELEVANT TECHNOLOGY TOOLS or resources to learn something new or complete a task Impactful technology use to develop students' 21st century skills

Students use technology

Students use technology to develop

COMMUNICATION skills



Students use technology to develop CREATIVITY and INNOVATION skills

Students use technology to develop CRITICAL THINKING skills

to develop AGENCY

Bakhshaei, Hardy, Ravitz & Seylar (2019) Adapted from Hixson, Ravitz & Whisman (2012) Used for 3 years

- To guide coaching
- To study impact

Program Overview

Implemented in 160+ underserved schools across the country since 2017

10 states: Alabama, Arkansas, California, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Washington, Wisconsin, and Texas



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8-Week

4. Implement

Professional Development for Coaches



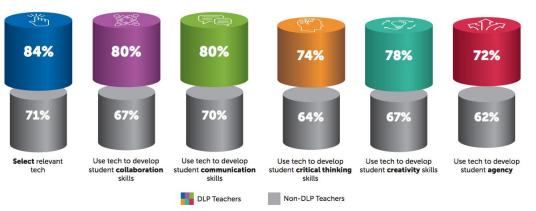
Research Questions

- 1. **Teacher self-ratings** of their ability to engage students...?
- 2. How frequently do students use technology in impactful ways...?
 - a. Through which **specific classroom practices**?
- 3. **Do teachers believe** these have a positive impact....?
- How do teacher self-ratings (1) and frequency of practices (2) correspond to perceived impact (3)?

Teacher ITU self-ratings of ability to engage students

RQ1: What are teacher self-ratings of their ability to engage students in impactful technology use?

- a) A majority of teachers agreed they were able to use technology in impactful ways with students.
- b) This was especially true for teachers who received coaching.



More DLP teachers agreed that they are able to use technology in impactful ways that develop students' 21st century skills.

From Year 2 report

* Coached teachers (N= 1,546)

* Non-coached teachers (N= 1,162)

Frequency of Impactful Technology Use (ITU)

RQ2: How frequently do **students use technology in impactful ways**...through which specific classroom practices?

For these example practices

A least 35% of all teachers reported monthly student ITU

For those with coaching

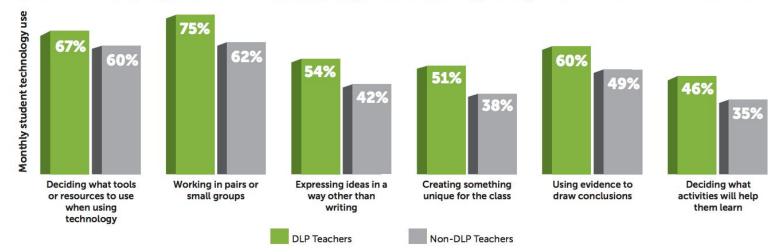
• Nearly half (46%) or more of teachers reported monthly use

More frequent uses of technology

- working in pairs or small groups
- deciding what tools or resources to use

Less frequent uses of technology

- expressing ideas in a way other than writing
- creating something unique for the class
- deciding what activities will help them learn



More DLP teachers reported at least monthly impactful technology use by their students in each skill area.

Perceived Impact of Impactful Technology Use (ITU)

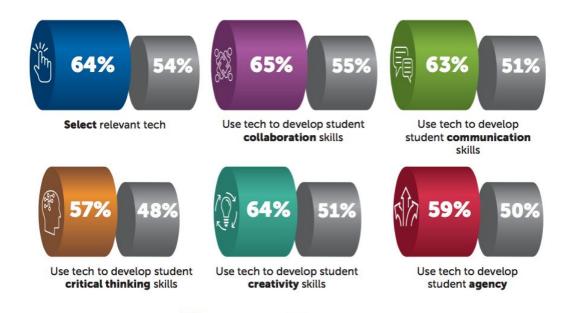
RO3 To what extent do teachers believe these students' technology uses have a positive impact on student engagement and learning?

A majority reported a "positive impact on student engagement and learning" as a result of ITU

On average

- 62% of coached teachers 0
- 52% of non-coached teachers 0
- The greatest perceived impact was for developing these skills
 - Select relevant technology \bigcirc
 - Collaboration 0
 - Communication \bigcirc
 - Creativity 0

Compared to non-DLP teachers, DLP teachers see more impact on student engagement and learning as a result of their impactful technology use.





Relating perceived impact to frequency of practices and self-ratings

RQ4. How do teacher self-ratings of their own **capabilities** in teaching each skill and their reports of student **technology use** correspond to their **perception of impact** on student engagement and learning?

Perceived IMPACT teachers report from ITU correlates to BOTH

- Frequency of student ITU to practice these skills
 - Correlation = .55 or higher for 3 skills
 - Teacher self-rating of ability to engage students in ITU
 - Correlation = .40 or lower

"Reports of the frequency of actual activities occurring in the classroom can be a better predictor of the impact of ITU on student engagement and learning, compared to teacher self-report of their abilities"

Correlations (practices > perceptions)

Perceived impact on engagement and learning	Frequency of ITU Practices	Teacher Self-Ratings of ITU ability
Agency	.57	.36
Critical Thinking	.56	.40
Creativity	.55	.36
Communication	.45	.32
Collaboration	.46	.35
Selection of Tech Tools	.33	.29



When we look at who reports the most impact

- it is those who used the practices, not those who self-rated higher
- self-ratings show positive relationships, but they are much weaker measures

Research Conclusions

- **Self-ratings:** Most teachers (~ 60 80%) said they were able to implement technology effectively, especially coached teachers.
- **Frequency of practices:** Between ~ ¹/₃ and ³/₄ of teachers implemented practices monthly, especially coached teachers
 - Much wider variation on practices than self-ratings
- Perceived impact: Between ~ ¹/₃ to ²/₃ of teachers perceived a positive impact on student engagement and learning as a result of their technology use
- **Relationship to impact:** The teachers who perceived the most impact were those who **used the practices** with greater frequency, and to a lesser extent those who had higher self-ratings

Recommendation: Rely on self-ratings sparingly vs. actual use & practices

Development Process for ITU Rubric



November 19, 2019 | By Mahsa Bakhshae

- Start with early (Year 1) uses
 - Rubric
 - Long-term surveys
 - Coaching snapshots
- Review data quality from pilot year
 - To identify & use the best items only
- Adapt items for coaching rubric
 - Frequency (w/definition & practices)
 - Proficiency (w/examples)
- Test using cognitive interviews
 - With ~6 lead teachers and coaches

Reliability of ITU Rubric Measures



November 19, 2019 | By Mahsa Bakhshaei

• Measures with strong reliability

Standardized Alpha > .90

- Self-ratings of ability to engage students
- Perceived impact of ITU on students
- **Measures with good reliability** Standardized Alpha > .80 (or two-item correlations > .74)
 - \circ $\,$ Frequency of student ITU practices
 - 2-4 items each

First Rubrid Version

Positive features

- illustrative practices
- different levels
- advanced ideas

Issues

pric	Impactful Tec	hnology Use		Des	criptions of Developme	nt	
	Indicator	Short Description	1-Ready to start	2-Emerging	3-Developing	4-Mastering	5-Innovating
	Students select relevant technology for learning	The extent to which students can select relevant technology tools and resources for learning.	Students are not using technology.	Students use teacher-selected technology tools or resources for completing an assignment.	Students use teacher selected technology to explore concepts, model relationships, and extend assignments.	Students appropriately select from variety of digital tools to further discourse, facilitate collaboration, and share ideas.	Students differentiate, personalize, or accelerate learning based upon individual and/or collaborative learning goals utilizing student selected technology.
ractices els eas	Students develop collaboration skills	The extent to which students can use technology to work together to solve problems, complete tasks, and accomplish common goals.	Students are not using technology in collaborative structures.	Students use technology to share information in pairs or small groups to support one another to complete individual assignments.	Students use technology to divide tasks in order to complete group assignments.	Students use technology to explain concepts and provide feedback to their peers in the completion of group assignments.	Students use technology to expand the classroom so that they work as a team within and beyond class time to create group products that incorporate contributions and feedback from all team members.

- Treated as required/not illustrative
- Text-heavy/hard to digest
- No frequency/differentiation (e.g., peer explanations, feedback and assignments do NOT always = mastery or impact)

New Version

Dynamic Learning Project

Impactful Technology Use Rubric

Purpose: This rubric is designed to help teachers and coaches formatively assess "impactful technology use" (ITU) by students on two dimensions frequency and proficiency. It defines six indicators for ITU and provides illustrative examples of skills for each. These examples are not intended to be exhaustive, but to clarify the opportunities that teachers might create in their classrooms for students to demonstrate ITU.



The frequency rating pertains to how often students have had a chance to demonstrate these skills using technology.



The proficiency rating pertains to how competent or skilled students are in demonstrating these skills using technology.

Instructions: For each ITU indicator, select the frequency and proficiency rating that best describes student technology use in your classes overall. To better understand the dimension of proficiency, also refer to the descriptors provided in levels 1 and 5.

From surveys

- Definition
- Examples .
- Frequencies

Students use technology to develop CREATIVITY and INNOVATION skills. Students use technology to generate and refine solutions to complex problems or tasks using ideation, synthesis, and analysis processes.	In In my classes, students use technology to create and innovate.	1. Almost Never	2. A few times per semester	3. Monthly (1-3 times per month)	4. Weekly 1-3 times per week)	5. Almost Daily
Example skills: • Come up with different ideas or solutions and test them out • Elaborate, refine, analyze and evaluate their ideas or solutions in order to improve them • Create an original and compelling project incorporating their	My students are proficient in using technology to create and innovate (as appropriate for their grade level).	or strategies from others rather than demonstrating originality or trying		3. To some extent for DLP Proficience ratings wi		5. To a very large extent • Students use technology to demonstrate originality and inventiveness in their work and learn about the limits of their new ideas and how they can be improved.
ideas or solutions				examples		

Short-Term "Coaching" Snapshots

(pre-post coaching cycles)

Dynamic Learning Project

Measure teacher and student short-term progress in impactful technology use

Purpose: Based on the Impactful Technology Use (ITU) Rubric, the following questions are designed to measure short-term student and teacher growth in their technology use for developing students' 21st century skills.

Instructions: We recommend using these questions when surveying teachers at the beginning *and* at the end of the time frame that a coach works with a teacher in order to measure the growth over time.

Student Impactful Technology Use

For each Impactful Technology Use indicator, select the frequency and proficiency rating that best describes student technology use in your classes overall. The <u>Rubric</u> is available to provide you with more information about ITU, including examples showcasing how teachers might create opportunities for students to demonstrate ITU in their classrooms.

Decide which ter	how OFTEN have you asked chnology tools to use (e.g., c chnology resources to use (e	omputer, cell phone, or note		sources: For example, t
12	-			_
1. Almost Never	2. A few times per semester	3. Monthly (1-3 times per month)	4. Weekly (1-3 times per week)	5. Almost Daily
	per semester			

To guide coaching

- Frequency
- Perceived student proficiency

Long-Term "Growth" **Measures**

(pre-post, for the year)



Measure teacher and student long-term progress in impactful technology use

Purpose: Based on the Impactful Technology Use (ITU) Rubric, the following questions are designed to measure long-term student and teacher growth in their technology use for developing students' 21st century skills. Instructions: We recommend using these questions for teachers at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year from both

teachers who received coaching and not in order to measure the impact of coaching over time.

Student Impactful Technology Use

For each Impactful Technology Use indicator, select the frequency and proficiency rating that best describes student technology use in your classes overall. The Rubric is available to provide you with more information about ITU, including examples showcasing how teachers might create opportunities for students to demonstrate ITU in their classrooms.

Students SELECT RELEVANT TECHNOLOGY TOOLS or resources to learn something new or complete a task at hand

To guide program improvements

- Frequency
- Perceived impact

	Decide which t	echnology tools to use (e.g., o echnology resources to use (computer, cell phone, or note	evant technology tools or reso abook)	
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
Almost A few times Monthly (1-3 times Weekly (1-3 times Almost	1. Almost	2. A few times	3. Monthly (1-3 times	4. Weekly (1-3 times	5. Almost

How IMPACTFUL was student selection of technology for increasing student engagement and learning?

1. N/A – not used or first year	2. A negative impact	3. No positive impact yet	4 A small positive impact	5. A moderate positive impact	6. A large positive impact
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Sharing Three (3) Tools for Measuring Impactful Technology Use (ITU)



November 19, 2019 | By Mahsa Bakhshaei

Benefits: tied to skills, trackable over time

Rubric (for coached teachers)

- Short- and long-term progress
 - Frequency of practices
 - Perceived student proficiency

Short-cycle survey (for coached)

- Beginning & end of a coaching cycle
 - Frequency of practices
 - Perceived student proficiency

Long-cycle survey (for all teachers)

- Beginning & end of the year
- For coached & not coached teachers
 - Frequency of practices
 - Perceived impact on students

Next Steps @ Google

Google for Education Certified Coach Program

- Free, online curriculum and coaching model
- Helps coaches to support teachers in using technology in impactful ways
- Based on the research of the Dynamic Learning Project; utilizes the ITU framework

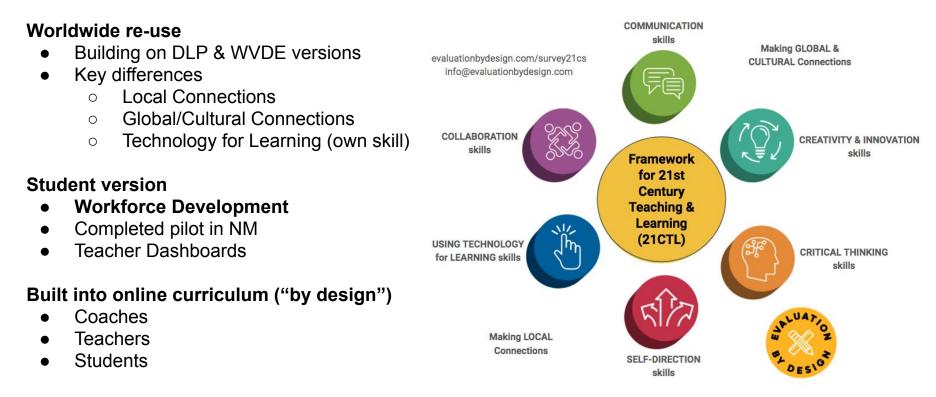


Google for Education Certified Coach

Website: https://edu.google.com/teacher-center/programs/certified-coach



Next Steps @ Evaluation by Design





evaluationbydesign.com/survey21cs

Selected 21CTL Studies	New Zealand	Denmark	International, Publish	ned	Northern Mariana Islands
	🖾 Brazil	Trinidad and Tobago	• EU: Trinity Colle	are Dublin (4-c	ountry baseline studies)
> Philippines	Saudi Arabia	- Chile		 Virgin Islands, U.S. 	Moldova, Republic of
Alaysia	LI > Ireland	🧮 Zimbabwe			l Board (Entrepreneurship)
Australia	Sel > Korea, Republic of	Bahrain		Iternative schoo	ls journal article
Canada	Iran, Islamic Republic Of	Romania	> Puerto Rico	Azerbaijan	
	Germany	Qatar	nternational, other	Czech Republic	Laus
	🔤 Kenya	Barbados	 Egypt: Governm 	nental schools n	eeds assessment
xtended Professional Development	Algeria	Unknown	• Irag: Kurdistan'	s higher ed (Ish	ik University-Iraq)
n Project-Based Learning and spacts on 21st Century Skills Teaching and Student Achievement	Colombia	Kazakhstan			Gambia
	Mexico	Jamaica		Unknown	n STEM (Univ. of West Indies
Netherlands office Award	France > France	Switzerland	• Sri Lanka: ESL	& 21 st Century	learning (Univ. of Colombo)
🔤 > Pakistan	🚟 Brunei Darussalam	Sweden Sweden	• Turkey: EFL & 2	21st century ski	lls (Abant İzzet Baysal Univ)
Hong Kong	H Finland	Ukraine	• Malaysia: Sever	ral studies (Univ	ersiti Sains Malaysia, etc.)
Turkey	Mauritius	🛄 Tunisia	• Philippines: Do		
US, Published	Portugal	Poland	Siovenia	Cavman Islands	Belize
 West Virginia 	Department of Ed	ucation	Lesotho	Cambodia	Bolivia
 Digital Promise 	e / Google (Top 5	Award, SITE 2020)	Guam	Iceland	🔤 Bermuda
South Africa	Ghana	Palestinian Territory, Occupied	La Gibraltar		lost recent ^{kina Faso}
		Bangladesh		Guatemala	Canada
US, other trab Emirates			Slovakia		 Pakistan
Maine Ed Polic	cy Research Inst :	State Legislature	📰 Rwanda		
 Virginia State I 	Univ: Chromebool	ks & 21st Century S	kills Saint Lucia		 China
 James Madiso 	n Univ.: Professio	nal organizations st	Udy Estonia	Yemen	 Turkey
		I literacy & Gamific		Saint Vincent And The	 Philippines
		Uganda	Armenia	Uzbekistan	

Adding 21CTL to an existing program "by design"

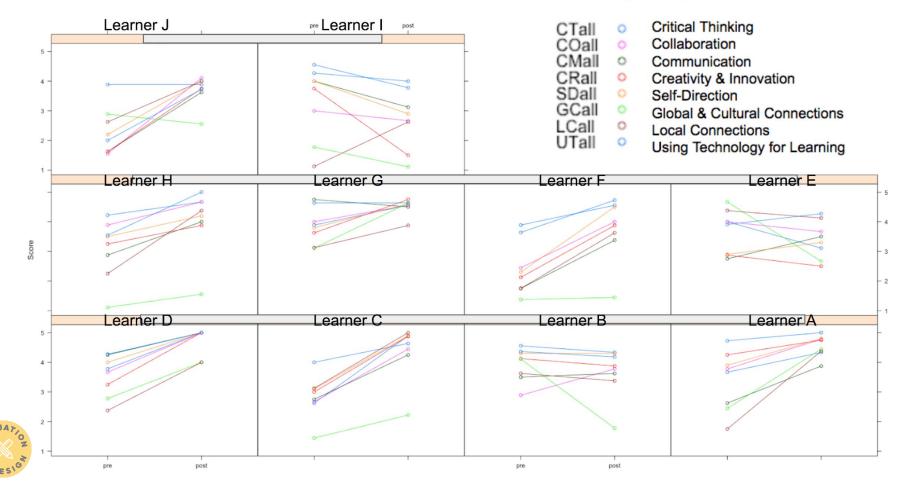
Eastern New Mexico Workforce Board & Startup Generation

- Badging for Entrepreneurship
 - Learners
 - reflect and see their growth
 - collect evidence for badges
 - Instructors
 - "know" their online learners better
 - see where changes are needed
 - collect evidence for badges
 - Projects and funders
 - Have better data and stories
 - Learn how to improve and grow their impact





Increasing opportunities to learn



Guiding Learners & Validating Insights

Let experienced students model behaviors to demonstrate skills and teach others.

Less experienced students	Need help to
Communication	 Make sure their ideas can be heard Practice in a low-stakes setting
Collaboration	 Know expectations for a successful group Define roles so everyone feels included Pair experienced with less experienced (or bummer lambs)
Critical Thinking	 Gently solicit opinions or ask for summaries of what others say Model questioning techniques and ask them directly to try
Creativity & Innovation	 Encourage trying out ideas that end up not working Play brainstorming games where there are no bad ideas



Next step: Online modules to gather evidence and ratings to validate (e.g., Ravitz & Hoadley, 2005)

Next Steps @ Google

Google for Education Certified Coach Program

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Google for Education Certified Coach

Website: https://edu.google.com/teacher-center/programs/certified-coach





Digital Promise



digitalpromise.org/initiative/dynamic-learning-project/research/

Evaluation by Design

evaluationbydesign.com/survey21cs



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